

## Package leaflet: information for the user

### Salofalk® 250mg Tablets

Mesalazine

**Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine because it contains important information for you**

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or pharmacist.
- This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their signs of illness are the same as yours.
- If you get any side effects talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4

#### **What is in this leaflet:**

1. What Salofalk 250mg Tablets are and what they are used for
2. What you need to know before you take Salofalk 250mg Tablets
3. How to take Salofalk 250mg Tablets
4. Possible side effects
5. How to store Salofalk 250mg Tablets
6. Contents of the pack and other information

#### **1. What Salofalk 250mg Tablets are and what they are used for**

Salofalk 250mg Tablets contain the active substance mesalazine, an anti-inflammatory agent used to treat inflammatory bowel disease.

Salofalk 250mg Tablets are used for:

- the treatment of acute episodes and prevention of further episodes (recurrence) of an inflammatory disease of the large intestine (colon), known by doctors as ulcerative colitis.

#### **2. What you need to know before you take Salofalk 250mg Tablets**

##### **Do not take Salofalk 250mg Tablets:**

- If you are allergic to salicylic acid, to salicylates such as aspirin or to any of the other ingredients of Salofalk 250mg Tablets (listed in section 6).
- If you have a serious liver or kidney disease.

##### **Warnings and precautions**

###### **Before you start taking this medicine you should tell your doctor**

- If you have a history of problems with your lungs, particularly if you suffer from **bronchial asthma**.
- If you have a history of allergy to sulphasalazine, a substance related to mesalazine.
- If you suffer with problems of your **liver**.
- If you suffer with problems of your **kidney**.

##### **Further precautions**

During treatment your doctor may want to keep you under close medical supervision and you may need to have regular blood and urine tests. In rare cases, in patients who have undergone bowel resection/bowel surgery in the ileo-coecal area with removal of the ileocecal valve, it has been observed that Salofalk 250mg Tablets are excreted undissolved in the stool, due to an excessively rapid passage through the bowel. If you notice this occurrence in your own case, please inform your doctor.

Kidney stones may develop with use of mesalazine. Symptoms may include pain in sides of abdomen and blood in urine. Take care to drink sufficient amount of liquid during treatment with mesalazine.

### Other medicines and Salofalk 250mg Tablets

Tell your doctor if you take or use any of the medicines mentioned below as the effects of these medicines may change (interactions):

- **Certain agents that inhibit blood clotting** (medicines for thrombosis or to thin your blood e.g., warfarin)
- **Azathioprine, 6-mercaptopurine or thioguanine** (medicines used to treat immune disorders)

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines, including medicines obtained without a prescription. It may still be alright for you to use Salofalk 250mg Tablets and your doctor will be able to decide what is suitable for you

### Pregnancy and breast-feeding

If you are pregnant or breast-feeding, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking this medicine.

You should only use Salofalk 250mg Tablets during pregnancy if your doctor tells you to.

You should only use Salofalk 250mg Tablets during breastfeeding if your doctor tells you to as this medicine may pass into breast milk.

### Driving and using machines

There are no effects on the ability to drive and use machines.

### Salofalk 250mg Tablets contain sodium

The maximum recommended daily dose of this medicinal product contains 576 mg sodium (found in table salt). This is equivalent to 29% of the adult recommended maximum daily dietary intake for sodium. Talk to your doctor or pharmacist if you need 8 or more Salofalk 250mg tablets daily for a prolonged period, especially if you have been advised to follow a low salt (sodium) diet.

## 3. How to take Salofalk 250mg Tablets

Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

### Method of administration

Salofalk 250mg Tablets are for oral use only.

Take the tablets in the morning, at midday and in the evening, 1 hour before meals. They should be swallowed whole, not chewed and taken with plenty of fluid.

### The recommended dose is:

	Ulcerative colitis	
	Acute episode	Prevention of recurrence/long-term treatment
Mesalazine (active substance)	1.5 g – 3.0 g	1.5 g
Salofalk 250mg Tablets	3 x 2 to 3 x 4	3 x 2

**Use in children and adolescents:** There is only limited documentation for an effect in children (age 6-18 years)

### **Children 6 years of age and older**

Please ask your doctor about the precise dosage of Salofalk 250mg Tablets for your child.

**In acute episodes:** to be determined individually, starting with 30 – 50 mg mesalazine per kg body weight per day to be given in divided doses. The maximum dose is 75mg mesalazine per kg body weight per day. The total dose should not exceed the maximum adult dose.

**To prevent a relapse:** to be determined individually, starting with 15-30 mg mesalazine per kg body weight per day to be given in divided doses. The total dose should not exceed the recommended adult dose. It is generally recommended that half the adult dose should be given to children up to a body weight of 40kg and the normal adult dose to those above 40kg.

The daily dose may be divided into three portions, taken in the morning, at noon and at night.

### **Duration of treatment**

How long you will use the medicine depends upon your condition. Your doctor will decide how long you are to continue the medication. You should follow the treatment with Salofalk 250mg Tablets regularly and consistently both during the acute episode of inflammation and also as long-term treatment, because this is the only way to achieve the desired therapeutic effect. If you think that the effect of Salofalk 250mg Tablets is too strong or too weak, talk to your doctor.

### **If you take more Salofalk 250mg Tablets than you should**

Contact a doctor if you are in doubt, so he or she can decide what to do. If you use too much Salofalk 250mg Tablets on one occasion, just take your next dose as prescribed. Do not use a smaller amount

### **If you forget to take Salofalk 250mg Tablets**

Do not take a double dose of Salofalk 250mg Tablets next time, but continue treatment at the prescribed dosage.

### **If you stop taking using Salofalk 250mg Tablets**

Do not stop taking this product until you have talked to your doctor.

If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

## **4. Possible side effects**

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

**All medicines can cause allergic reactions although serious allergic reactions are very rare. If you get any of the following symptoms after taking this medicine, you should contact your doctor immediately:**

- Allergic skin rash
- Fever
- Breathing difficulties

*If you experience a marked reduction of your general health, especially if accompanied by fever, and/or a sore throat and mouth, stop using these tablets and contact your doctor immediately.* These symptoms can, very rarely, be due to a fall in the number of white cells in your blood (a condition called agranulocytosis) which may make you more prone to developing a serious infection. A blood test can confirm whether your symptoms are due to an effect of this medicine on your blood.

The following side effects have also been reported by patients using mesalazine:

**Common side effects (may affect up to 1 in 10 people)**

- Headache

**Uncommon side effects (may affect up to 1 in 100 people)**

- Abdominal pain, diarrhoea, dyspepsia, wind (flatulence), nausea and vomiting
- Severe abdominal pain because of acute inflammation of the pancreas
- Changes in liver function parameters, changes in pancreatic enzymes
- Changes in the number of white blood cells

**Rare side effects (may affect up to 1 in 1000 people)**

- Dizziness
- Chest pain, breathlessness or swollen limbs because of an effect on your heart
- Jaundice or abdominal pain because of liver or bile flow disorders
- Increased sensitivity of your skin to sun and ultraviolet light (photosensitivity)
- Joint pain
- Feeling weak or tired

**Very rare side effects (may affect up to 1 in 10,000 people)**

- Fever, sore throat or malaise, due to blood count changes
- Skin rash or inflammation, allergic condition which causes joint pain, skin rashes and fever
- Severe diarrhoea and abdominal pain because of an allergic reaction to this medicine within the bowel
- Numbness and tingling in the hands and feet (peripheral neuropathy)
- Shortness of breath, cough, wheezing, lung shadow on x-ray due to allergic and/or inflammatory lung conditions
- Hair loss and the development of baldness
- Muscle pain
- Changes in kidney function, sometimes with swollen limbs or flank pain
- Reversible decrease in semen production

**Not known (frequency cannot be estimated from the available data)**

- Kidney stones and associated kidney pain (see also section 2)

**Reporting of side effects**

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via the national reporting system:

Yellow Card Scheme

Website: [www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard](http://www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard) or search for MHRA Yellow Card in the Google Play or Apple App Store

By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

**5. How to store Salofalk 250mg Tablets**

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the carton and the blister. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

This medicinal product does not require any special storage conditions.

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

## **6. Contents of the pack and other information**

### **What Salofalk 250mg Tablets contain**

- The active substance is mesalazine. One tablet contains 250mg mesalazine.
- The other ingredients are: Sodium carbonate, glycine, povidone, microcrystalline cellulose (E460), colloidal anhydrous silica, calcium stearate, hydroxypropylmethylcellulose (E464), methacrylic acid copolymer (Eudragit L), talc, titanium dioxide (E171), iron oxide (E172), polyethylene glycol, polymethacrylate (eudragit E).

### **What Salofalk 250mg Tablets look like and contents of the pack**

Salofalk 250mg Tablets are round, yellow to ochre, gastro-resistant tablets, matt with smooth surface; they are not scored.

Salofalk 250mg Tablets are available in blister packs of 100 tablets.

### **Marketing Authorisation Holder**

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